NICCOLÒ BORGIOLI

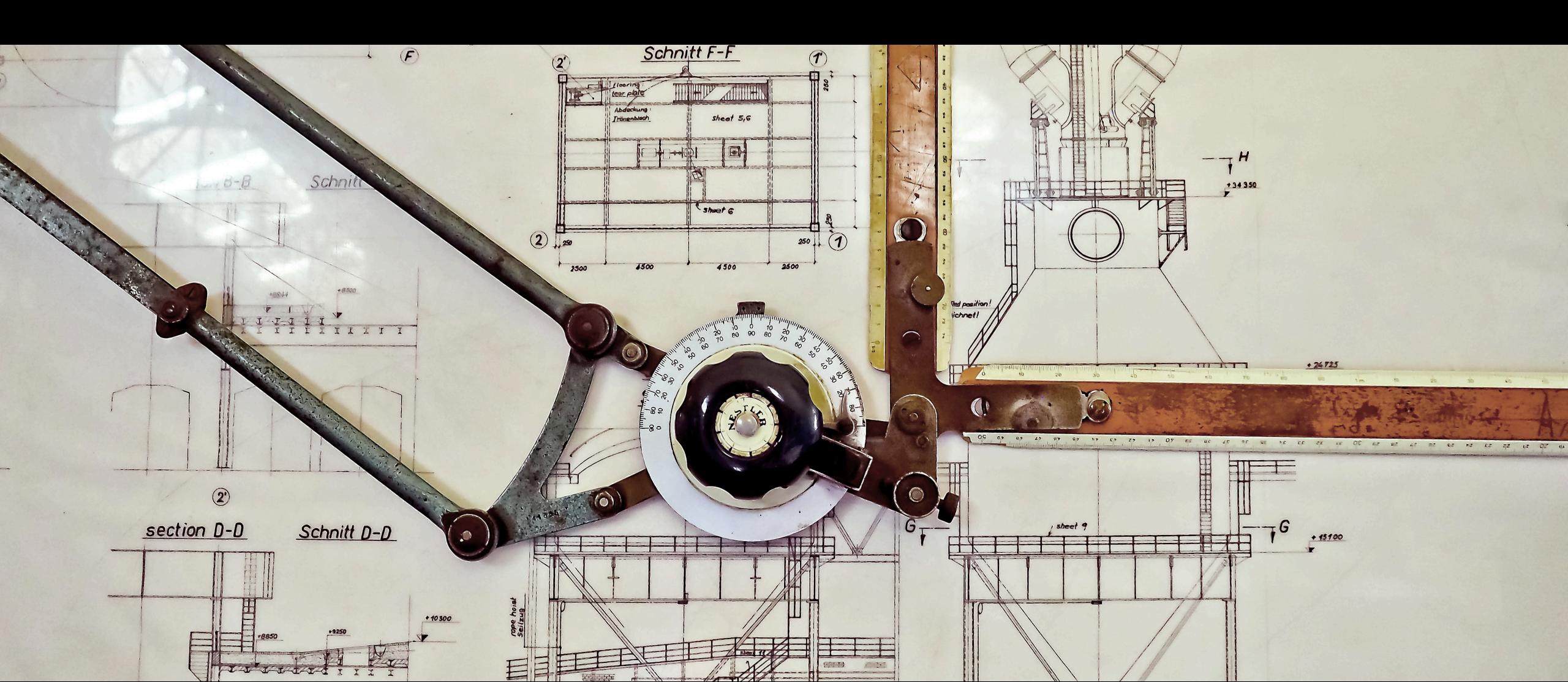
FIGHT OF THE MOBILES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Intro
 - Problems
 - Solution candidates
 - Current state
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 - Test cases & design
 - Building
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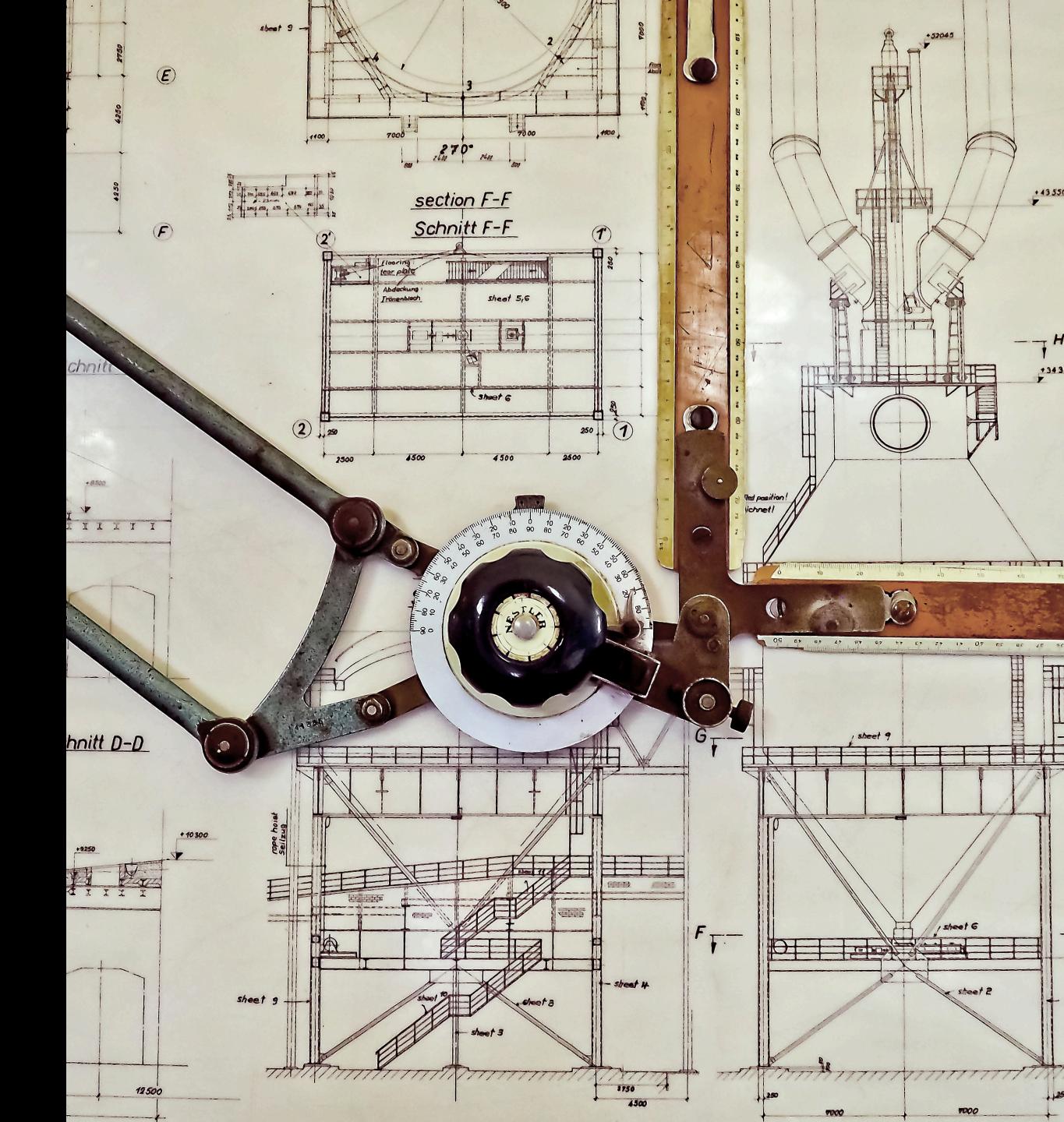


BUILDING A MOBILE APP IN 2018



THE PROBLEM WITH NATIVE

- 2 or more codebases
- Code redundancy
- Challenging pushing simultaneous updates
- Different expertise of devs



THE PROBLEM WITH NATIVE

- 2 or more codebases
- Code redundancy
- Challenging pushing simultaneous updates
- Different expertise of devs

THE SOLUTION: HYBRID / COMPILED APPS

- Single codebase
- Code reusability
- Ensuring a uniform experience across multiple platforms
- Same dev can develop both platforms

SOLUTIONS

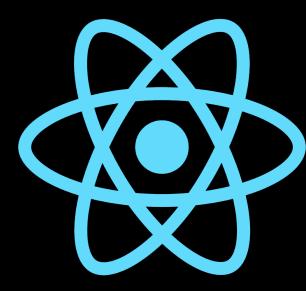


SOLUTIONS

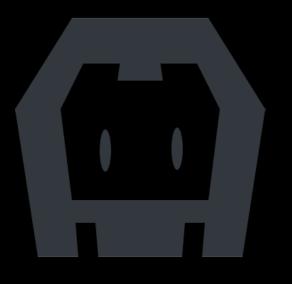
Flutter



React Native



Cordova





HISTORY



FLUTTER

HISTORY

Started by Google as "Sky", which could run under Android. Later rebranded into Flutter.

Unveiled in 2015, with the first preview release (v0.6.0) in July of 2018.

Primary method to write apps and UI for Fuchsia.

Preview Release in July 2018.

USERS

- Alibaba
- Google AdWords
- Greentee

FLUTTER

TECH BEHIND

Flutter does not use the OEM components. It has it own widgets and compiles everything (views and code) down to the phone.

It believes in 120 FPS animations on every platform. Uses Skia under the hood for rendering. Has bindings for GL or Vulkan.

MOTIVATION

- Fuchsia
- Android
- Hip Factor

REACT NATIVE

HISTORY

Inside Facebook, Jordan Walke found a way to generate iOS UI elements from a background JavaScript thread. They decided to organise an internal hackathon to perfect this prototype in order to be able to build native apps with this technology.

Unveiled at React.js Conference in 2015

USERS

- Facebook
- Messenger
- Instagram
- Uber
- Baidu
- Wallmart
- OneDrive
- Skype

REACT NATIVE

TECH BEHIND

Code is Javascript that runs on a separated Thread.

Views get compiled to Native views. Instead of the normal VirtualDOM in the browser it manipulates native Views in Android and iOS.

MOTIVATION

- Hip Status
- Internal usage

CORDOVA

HISTORY

USERS

Development started at an iPhoneDevCamp under approval of Apple.

Acquired by Adobe in 2011 and rebranded under PhoneGap.

A subset got open sourced later as Apache Cordova.

?

CORDOVA

TECH BEHIND

Provides a WebView with bindings for native sensors and functions. Much like Electron.

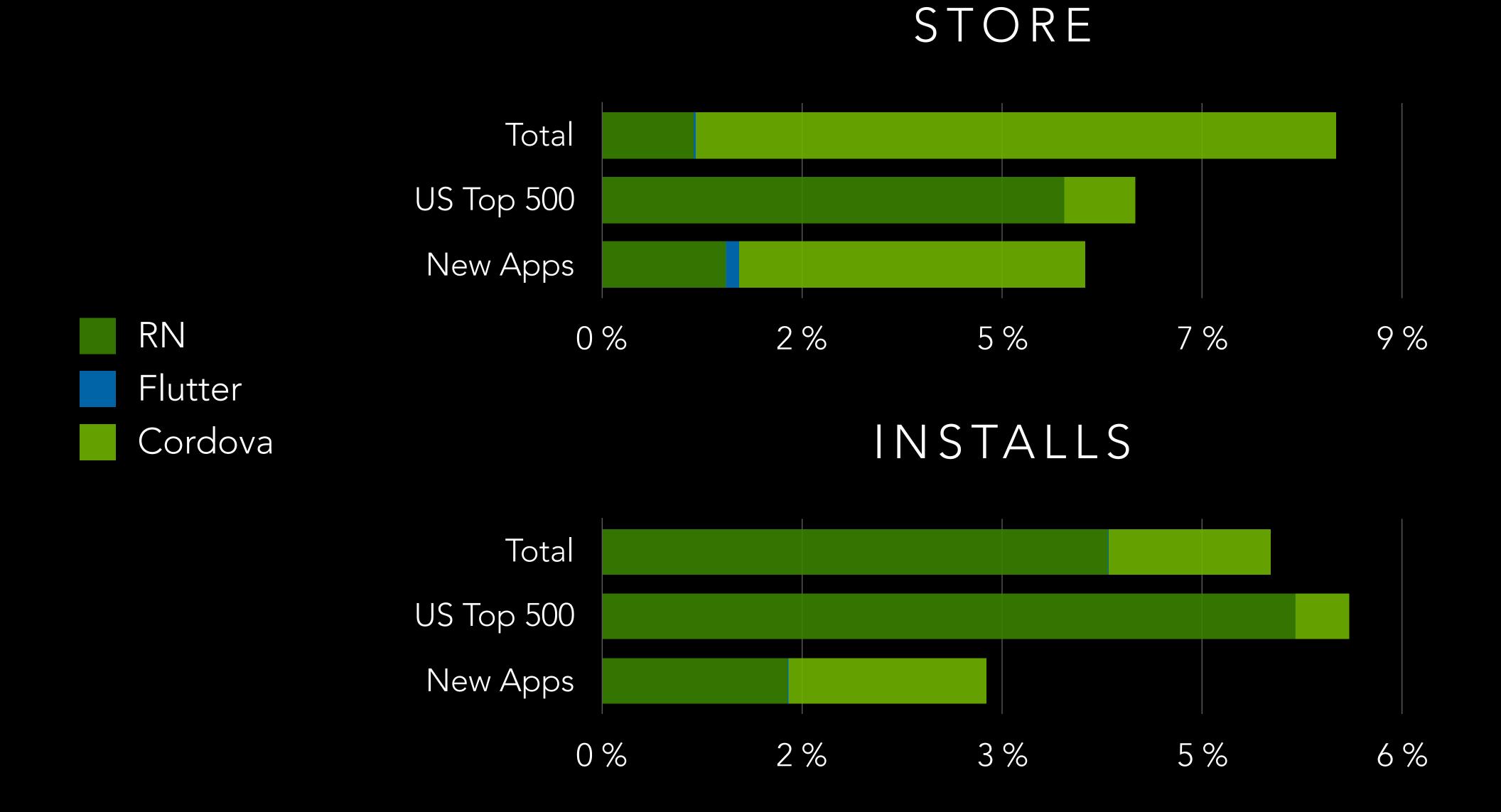
MOTIVATION

PhoneGap

CURRENT STATE



CURRENT STATE





WHAT DO WE WANT TO INCLUDE?

App Icon

Navigation

Animations

Camera

Notifications

Styling

Reusability

Simple loading animation

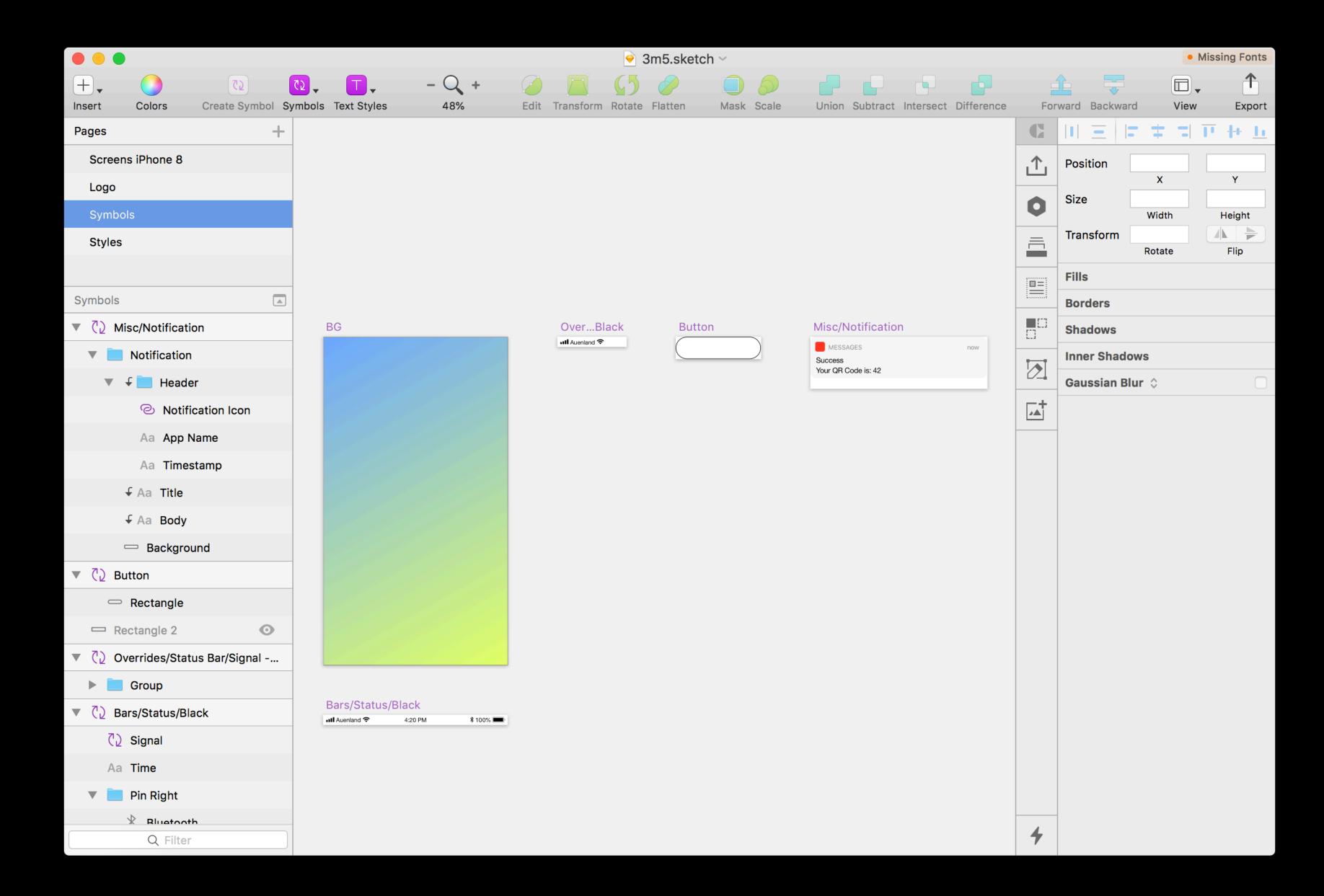
Scan a QR Code

Text, fonts, components, gradients

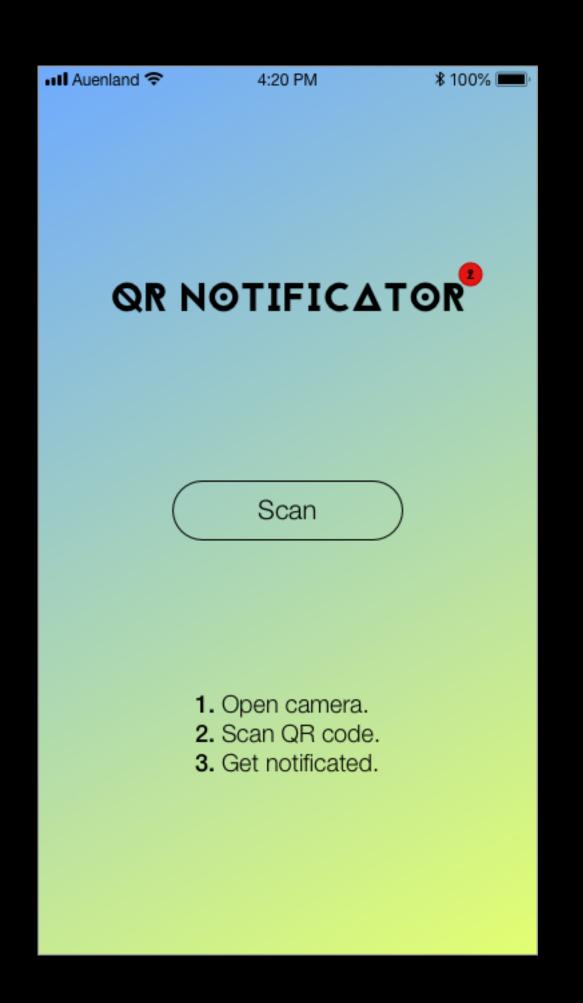
Reuse components between screens

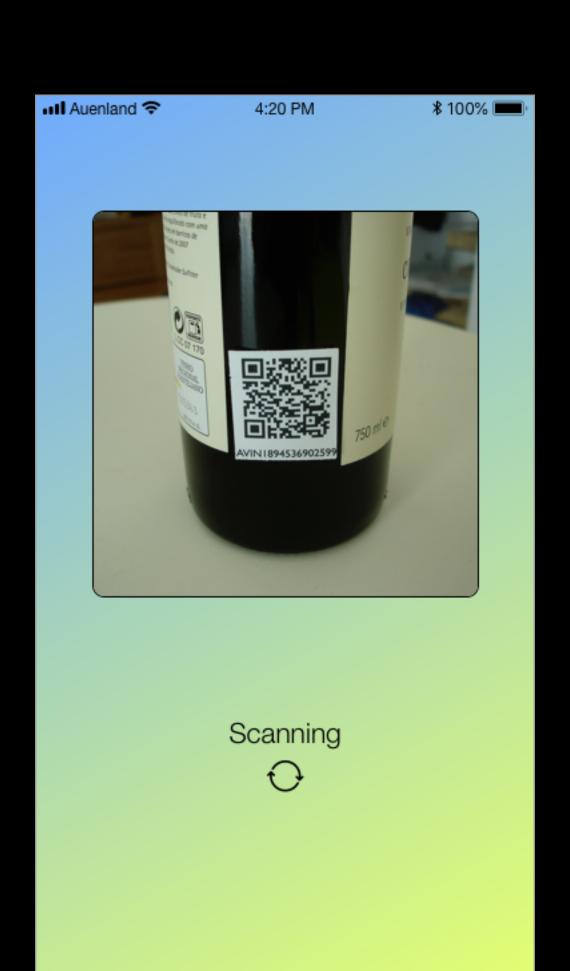
DESIGN

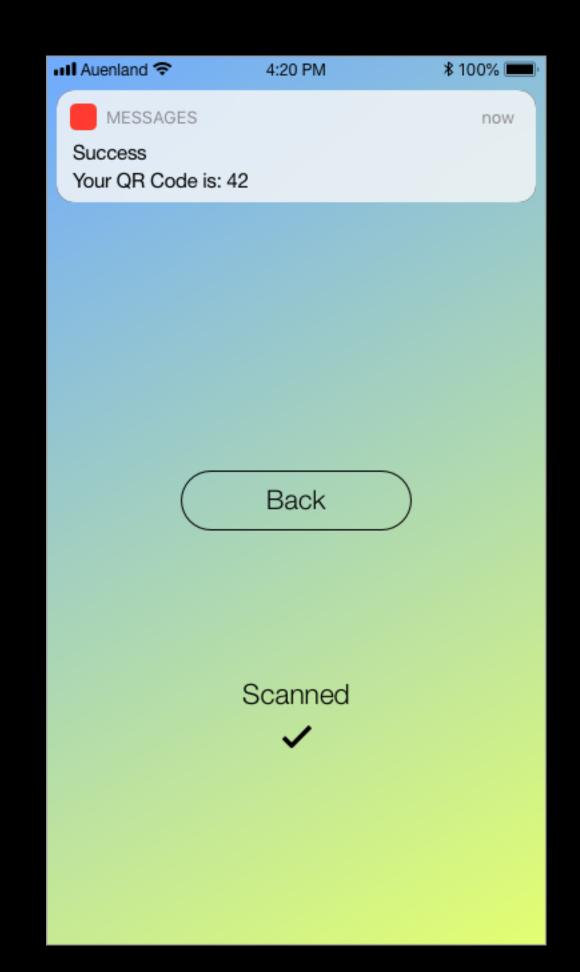




DESIGN







TIME TO BUILD





FLUTTER

- Dart: a mix between
 Typescript and Java
- Styling is much more "Native"
- Lot of nesting

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
 7 	☐ class Button extends StatelessWidget {
       Button({@required this.text, @required this.callback});
       final String text;
       final Function callback;
       @override
       Widget build(BuildContext context) {
         return GestureDetector(
             onTap: this.callback,
             child: Container(
                 width: 180.0,
                 height: 45.0,
                 decoration: BoxDecoration(
                     borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(100.0),
                     border: Border.all(width: 1.0, color: const Color(0xFF000000))),
                 child: Center(
                      child: Text(
10 ⊡
                   text,
11
                   style: TextStyle(fontSize: 20.0),
                 )))); // Text // Center // Container // GestureDetector
13
14
16
```

FLUTTER

POSITIVE 💙

- "Batteries included"
- Docs

NEGATIVE •

- Dart
- Ecosystem

REACT NATIVE

- It's basically React
- Instead of HTML Tags we use predefined native components.

```
import React, { Component } from 'React' 8.1K (gzipped: 3.3K)
      import { StyleSheet, TouchableOpacity, Text } from 'react-native'
     export default class extends Component {
          render() {
              return <TouchableOpacity</pre>
                  style={styles.button}
                  onPress={this.props.callback}>
                  <Text style={styles.label}>{this.props.text}</Text>
              </TouchableOpacity>
 9
      const styles = StyleSheet.create({
          label: {
11
              fontSize: 20
13
         },
         button: {
14
             width: 180,
             height: 45,
              borderRadius: 100,
             borderColor: '#000000',
18
19
             borderWidth: 1,
              alignItems: 'center',
              justifyContent: 'center',
21
22
        },
23
     })
```

REACT NATIVE

POSITIVE 💙

- Currently the biggest community
- A LOT of 3rd party packages
- For react devs very easy to get started

NEGATIVE -

- Feels Hacky
- Nothing out of the box.
- Docs

CORDOVA

- In this case React.
- Works with every Website, since it packs into an "enhanced" browser.

```
.Logo {
    position: relative;
    font-family: 'Jaapokki';
    .title {
        font-size: 30px;
    .badge {
        .center;
        position: absolute;
        right: -20px;
        top: -5px;
        width: 20px;
        height: 20px;
        background-color: #f00;
        border-radius: 20px;
        div {
            font-size: 10px;
```

CORDOVA

POSITIVE 💙

- Known technologies
- Reusable codebase between app and website!
- Huge ecosystem

NEGATIVE -

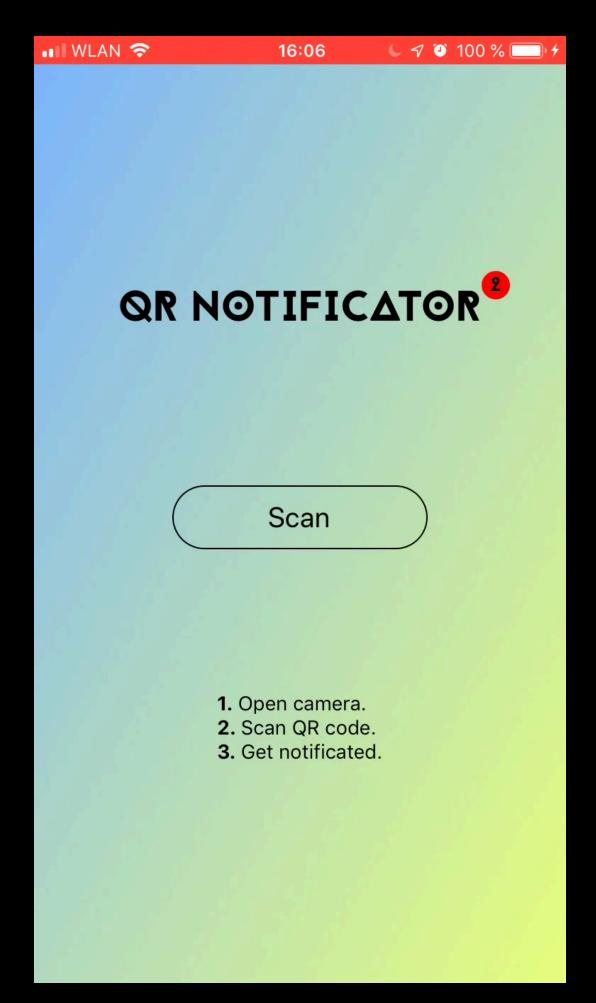
Performance

RESULTS

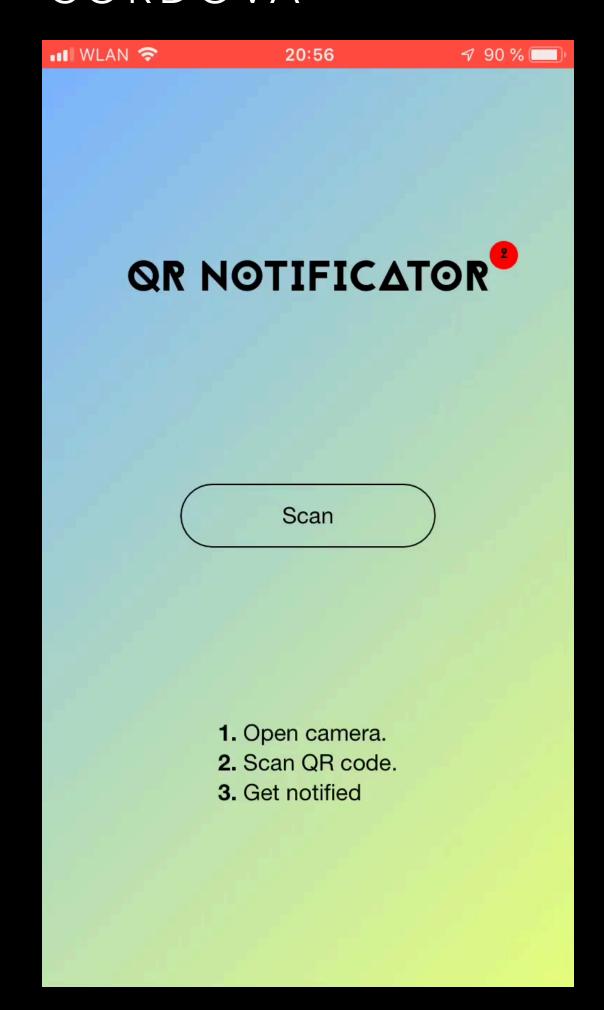
FLUTTER



REACT NATIVE



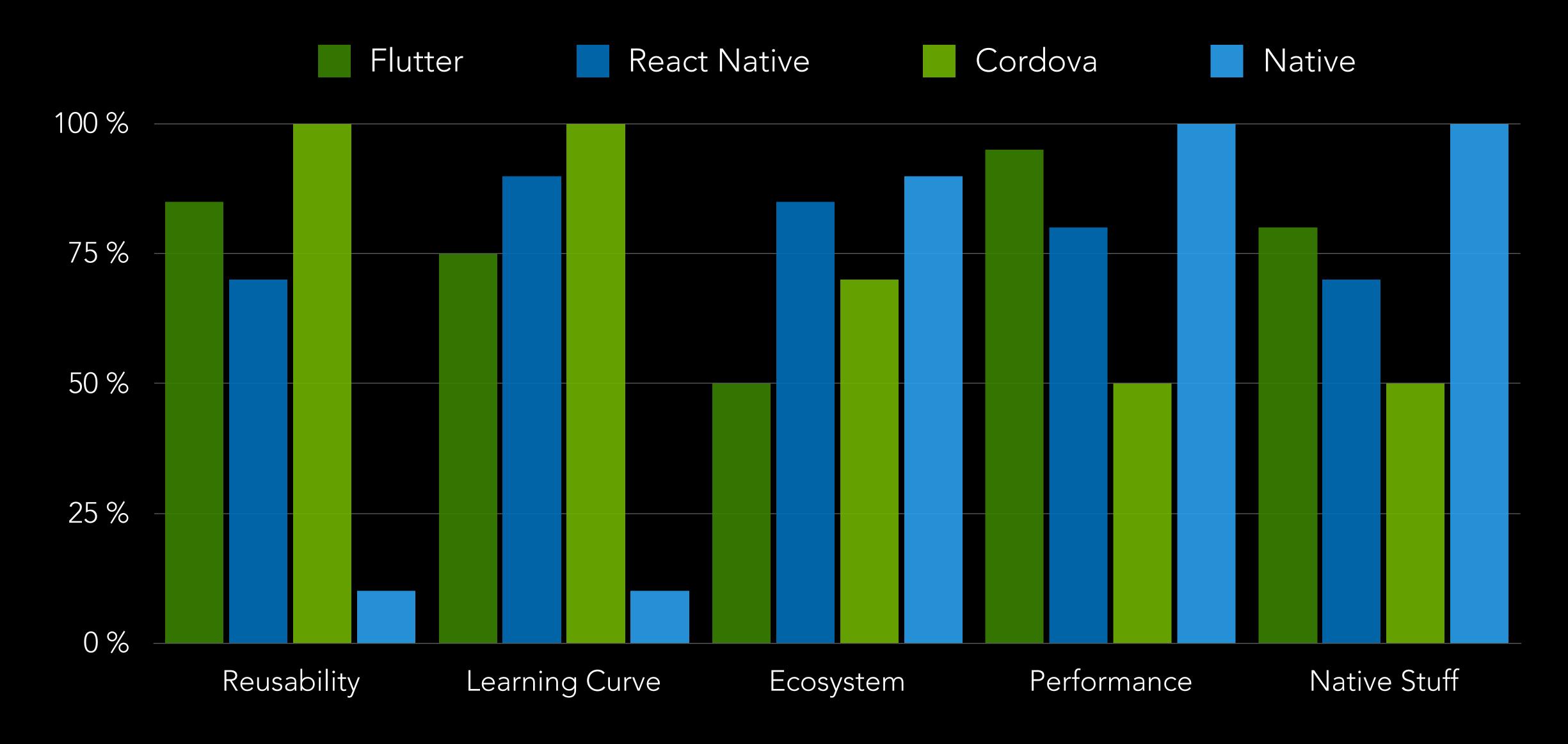
CORDOVA



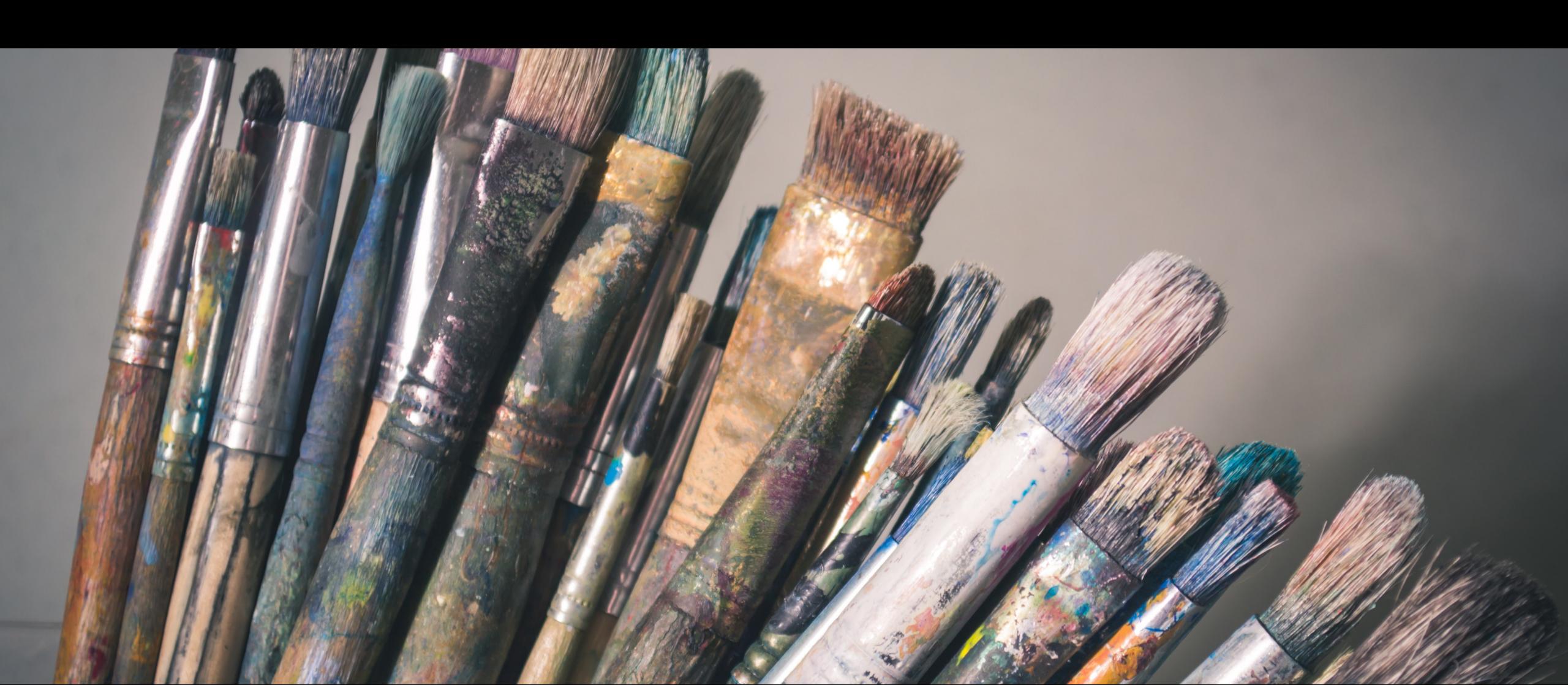
COMPARISON



COMPARISON



WHICH ONE IS THE RIGHT ONE ?



CONCLUSION

FLUTTER

Right now a bit to
 "new" but in the
 future this could be
 become the way to
 go.

REACT NATIVE

 Currently the most viable and flexible option due to popularity and therefore community.

CORDOVA

 Only if the same codebase between mobile and web is strictly necessary.

END/QA

